

<p>Institution: GLASGOW CALEDONIAN UNIVERSITY (GCU)</p> <p>Unit of Assessment: UoA30 HISTORY</p> <p>a. Overview</p> <p>The period since RAE 2008 has witnessed substantial development in four key strategic areas: internationalisation of research; strengthening postgraduate culture; increasing the volume of prestige funding; and developing public engagement work. The seven historians submitted conduct research around three interlocking themes: the history of health and healthcare, Scottish history and war in society. These themes are aligned closely with the University's mission to increase the common good and they enable a range of focused research specialisms to be supported. These include the history of children and childhood; the history of mental health interventions; diaspora history; and military history and biography. History has more than tripled its research income compared with RAE2008 and this has enabled us to enhance significantly our international research environment for staff and graduate students. History forms part of the new Glasgow School for Business and Society (GSBS) and draws upon two closely overlapping groups of researchers in the Department of Social Sciences, Media and Journalism (SSMJ) and the Centre for the Social History of Health and Healthcare (CSHHH). Our historians are also members of the Institute for Society and Social Justice Research (ISSJR) which provides the principal focus for cross-disciplinary research across GSBS. The Institute provides mentoring to ECRs, assistance in the development of grant applications, research training seminars and conferences, and allows the clustering of researchers according to thematic interests. Notwithstanding these institutional support mechanisms, the GCU historians form a self-motivated and enthusiastic research team which relies crucially upon the collegiality and commitment of its members.</p> <p>b. Research strategy</p> <p>Health history has been identified as a major institutional research priority in line with GCU's commitment as a health research institution. Health history is concentrated in the Centre for the Social History of Health and Healthcare (CSHHH). The Centre was established in 2005 as a collaboration with the University of Strathclyde. GCU is the budget centre and employs the Centre Director, the majority of category A Centre staff, and a dedicated Centre administrator. There are also three deputy directors (two at GCU and one at Strathclyde). Between 2008 and the close of 2013 GCU received Wellcome Trust research funding of more than £406,000 for CSHHH (with additional project funding won by individual staff members at both GCU and Strathclyde). The University has reciprocated our external support by providing strategic appointments to support CSHHH. When Stewart (Professor of Health History) stepped down as Centre Director in early 2012 he was appointed to a fractional post and replaced by Kirby (Professor of Social History). Further posts in health history were created, including Long (Senior Lecturer in Health History) in 2011 and Walsh (Professor of Gender and a specialist in nineteenth and twentieth century mental health and obstetric practices in Ireland) in 2012. Stewart, meanwhile, remains an active researcher and a major contributor to Centre planning and policy. Our continued external funding ensures that the Centre will continue to grow its research environment beyond 2014. Our future strategy is to increase research income through successful large grant applications, to enlarge our numbers of quality graduate students and to develop still further our existing international research links.</p> <p>Whilst prioritising health history research, the support and direction of other key history research themes remains a central feature of our strategy. Scottish history has been strengthened by the appointment of Kehoe in 2011, who has since contributed to the outward-looking approach of this theme, adding expertise on peripheral societies, imperial development, and highland slave trade profits in the 18th and 19th centuries. McFarland's recent work has also added a significant Scottish dimension to the continuing expansion of comparative death studies. Her work on the Church of Scotland has contributed to international debates on the nature of secularisation and her joint ESRC-funded project 'Faith in the Factory' (on the Church's industrial welfare provision) was rated 'outstanding' by ESRC external assessors in 2009. Our War in Society theme contributes further to the vigour and strategic direction of the History group at GCU. McFarland continues to build on her previous work on memory and commemoration and is actively involved in the</p>
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approaching Great War Centenary, collaborating with the National Museum of Scotland on the 'War Memorials at Risk' project and in numerous other commemorative projects. Shepherd's major outputs, meanwhile, continue to be firmly linked to this theme, evinced by his growing international reputation in the field of German military history. Shepherd's developing interest in German military medicine reflects the inter-connected nature of the History research group overall.

c. People

Since RAE2008 the seven historians submitted have published ten books (six single-authored monographs and four edited volumes), 23 peer-reviewed articles, 23 book chapters, 11 further articles, a major government report and three historical datasets. Research expertise comprises: the political economy of the British National Health Service and healthcare politics; the twentieth-century child guidance movement; child labour and child health; obstetrics policy in modern Ireland; mental illness and disability; the social and economic determinants of health inequalities; histories of work, occupational health and disability; the social and economic history of coalmining; voluntarism in healthcare provision; gender and ethnicity; the Irish in nineteenth-century Scotland and Canada; the Scottish Catholic periphery; the role of slave trade profits in the development of the Highlands and Islands; death, mourning and commemoration in nineteenth and twentieth century Scotland; wounded Great War veterans; secularisation and post-war Scottish Society; generalship in the Great War; German and Austrian military history, 1914-1945; guerrilla warfare and counter-insurgency; anti-partisan warfare in the Balkans, and German Army health and medical services, 1939-1945.

Our current projects highlight the sustainable nature of our research environment. Long is Co-Investigator and North-East England Coordinator on a collaborative Wellcome Trust funded project 'Disability and Industrial Society: A Comparative History of British Coalfields, 1780-1948' (GCU share: £90,267) in which Dr Victoria Brown is employed as a full-time Research Associate at GCU. Long has also recently completed a book on destigmatising mental illness for Manchester University Press (forthcoming 2014). Walsh is commencing a new project to research epigenetic change in the wake of the Great Famine as an explanation for the long-term relative decline in mental and physical health. Stewart continues to research three areas: first, histories of child guidance and British health care; second, a new collaborative project on the history of clinical psychology; third, a project on the reciprocal relationship between social welfare reform in Britain and the 'white Dominions' (especially New Zealand). He is also a co-applicant on the recently successful £2 million MRC bid led by Prof Cam Donaldson of the Yunus Centre for Social Business at GCU which explores the role of social enterprise as a public health intervention. Kirby is currently researching the statistics of child labour in mid-to-late nineteenth century Scotland (supported by an Economic History Society grant) and is embarking upon a new monograph on the history of child health. Kehoe, meanwhile, is presently extending her study of ethnic and religious peripheries in the British World and the role played by Irish and Scottish Catholics in the development of the imperial programme. McFarland is writing a biography of Lieutenant General Sir Aylmer Hunter-Weston (to be published by Peter Lang, Oxford) and in 2014 will embark upon a study of Scottish war widows after the Great War (which complements a doctoral study on disabled veterans currently under her supervision). Shepherd, meanwhile, has recently co-edited *The European Resistance in World War Two* (2013) and is writing a single-authored work for Yale University Press on the German Army under the Third Reich, provisionally entitled *Army of the Reich: Soldiers, Criminality and War in the Nazi Empire*. Shepherd is also currently investigating venereal disease in the German Army's medical services during WWII.

Staffing strategy and staff development

RAE2008 commented favourably upon the sustainability of History appointments during the previous cycle and there has since been a consistent strategy of selective investments and replacements to reinforce our strengths in health history and Scottish history. Appointments are considered in light of the social vision of the University. GCU is one of the major providers of education and research in health and social care in the UK and is demonstrably committed to social enterprise and inclusivity. The stated mission of the University is to benefit and increase the 'common weal' and our research centres have developed to provide institutional focus to our strategic core priorities. These include: the Centre for the Social History of Health and Healthcare,

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the Scottish Poverty Information Unit, Women in Scotland's Economy, the Centre for Research in Lifelong Learning and the Yunus Centre for Social Business. Professor Muhammad Yunus (Nobel Laureate, anti-poverty campaigner and founder of the Grameen Bank in Bangladesh) was installed as GCU Chancellor in October 2012.

GCU offers a wide variety of development opportunities for researchers in History. GSBS operates a sabbatical leave scheme open to all full-time permanent academics with more than three years' service. Discretionary funds are also available via the Associate Dean (Research) to support early and middle career researchers (Kehoe and Shepherd have been recent beneficiaries). SSMJ staff have a standard annual research funding allocation of £1000 for travel, archival visits and conference attendance, whilst members of CSHHH can bid for further funding for research expenses in the field of medical and health history. Recently appointed staff in History are also provided with light teaching loads on appointment whilst those appointed under the Main Quality Research Grant are automatically given reduced loads during the first year of appointment (Long and Walsh are recent beneficiaries). This policy has borne fruit with the appearance of high-quality publications and grant acquisitions. Support for research is underpinned by a promotions and retention strategy which rewards excellence. Shepherd was promoted to Reader in 2009, whilst Kehoe and Long (both appointed in 2011) received promotion to Senior Lecturer in 2013.

The research achievements of staff are monitored via our Performance and Development Annual Review (PDAR) programme which seeks to identify and support key individual research objectives and to identify support and research training needs. A co-ordinating group known as CREDO (Caledonian Research Excellence Development Opportunities) guides research development under the aegis of the University Research Committee. The group, chaired by the Director of Academic Research Development, includes School Heads of Research, members of the GCU Peer Review College, the Graduate School, the Research Institutes and colleagues from HR. CREDO seeks to enhance career pathway and staff development opportunities for research staff across the university at all levels (contract research staff, early career researchers, principal investigators, and research group leaders) through a programme of interactive workshops which include topics such as research impact, fostering research collaboration, open access and research leadership and mentoring. Our research ethics committees – at university and school level – also monitor and safeguard standards in the conduct of research projects and applications for external research funding. GCU won the Times Higher Education's Outstanding Support for Early Career Researchers of the Year 2010 as a lead with Universities Scotland partners and has implemented the principles of the Concordat to Support the Career Development of Researchers. GCU recently won the HR Excellence in Research Award by the European Commission in recognition of our adherence to the principles of the European Charter for Researchers and the Code of Conduct for their Recruitment. The University's Dignity at Work and Equality and Diversity policies are deployed across all aspects of the recruitment, career management and exit of all of our researchers and PhD candidates. All staff subscribe to these policies and undergo training to ensure that individual and collective approaches are robust and that decisions are transparent and sound. All such policy documents are available on the GCU website and there is a regular updating of subject groups. The University also engages in cross-sectoral research staff training and shares provision with other Scottish HEIs via the Scottish Researcher Career Developers' Forum.

Research students

Graduate research and training are crucial to History's research strategy and we are committed to supporting graduates from the UK, EU and overseas. Our seven historians have enjoyed outstanding success with graduate funding, progression and completion. From 2008 to 2013 (inclusive), eight PhD students commenced doctoral research in History (five GCU-funded, one Wellcome Trust-funded, one AHRC Collaborative Doctoral Award, and one self-funded). During the same period we had seven PhD completions. The high numbers of quality graduates progressing from masters to doctoral study (relative to our staff numbers) reflects the rigour, vitality and consistency of our graduate pathways. Our MSc in Health History has been a major springboard to doctoral study and total external history income to GCU masters programmes between 1.1.2008 and 31.7.2013 was £103,000. Doctoral topics are closely aligned with the research specialisms of staff. David Black ('Health education in modern Scotland') and Nicola Rennie ('Attitudes towards

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lung cancer and its treatment in Scotland between 1950 and 1980') progressed from our MSc in Health History to doctoral study, whilst Thora Hands recently completed our MSc and was later successful in winning external Wellcome Trust funding for her doctoral project at Strathclyde on the consumption of alcohol in Britain, 1869-1914. Current GCU doctoral students include: Emily Rootham ('The rehabilitation of disabled ex-servicemen in interwar Scotland'; Jennifer Mai Farquharson ('Citizen Soldier': The Marginalised Civilian Patient in War-time Scotland c.1914-1920'); and Caroline Torres ('British medical education post 1945'). Torres was awarded a Glasgow Caledonian doctoral studentship in 2012 with a supervisory team which includes Professor David Smith of the GCU Centre for Research in Lifelong Learning and Stewart (CSHHH). Completed doctorates include David Bradley ('Workers' health and safety in the Scottish iron and steel industry, 1930-1988' (2012)), Alex Flucker ('Military medicine in the Wehrmacht' (2011) - Flucker recently became a GCU postdoctoral research associate, William McDougall ('Lay epidemiology and political campaigning: the role of the Society for the Prevention of Asbestosis and Industrial Diseases (SPAID), 1978-2008'), and Madeleine Campbell-Jewett ('The Pig in Scotland 1600-1815' (Sept 2013)). Kehoe recently won a three-year AHRC Collaborative Doctoral Award of £55,128 for a project ('Globalising Communities: The Atlantic Slave Trade and the Socio-Economic Development of Northern Scotland, 1750 to 1850') in collaboration with the National Library of Scotland (NLS). The project aims to investigate the global outlook of many northern Scots and other rural Britons in the transformation of their local communities. The project appointed a doctoral student in Oct 2013. CSHHH also offers national graduate training. A workshop on 'Publishing and Funding for Early Career Health Historians, organised in June 2012, included major speakers from the field of health and medical history, as well as academic publishers. These included Dr Nils Fietje of the Wellcome Trust and Emma Brennan, Commissioning Editor of Manchester University Press. The workshop was funded by CSHHH and the Wellcome Trust and attracted 28 graduate students, many of whom benefited from our provision of graduate bursaries.

Our Graduate School works in partnership with the academic schools to provide support and skills training for research students and their supervisors (a further area of enhanced institutional support since 2008). Our doctoral students all complete a formal research skills programme which includes workshops on research methods and skills. The School acts as a hub for the sharing of good practice and organises events to support the academic and cultural life of research students. The School operates in a dedicated facility which creates a sense of community in which postgraduate students can mix across disciplinary boundaries leading to an enriched research experience. It offers specific research skills training including an academic writing centre and utilises both internal and external facilitators to run its workshops. The graduate workshop programme is aligned with the Vitae Researcher Development Framework. GCU is one of the original university partners working with Vitae to develop the new Researcher Development Statement (RDS 2010) endorsed by all UK research councils and the new Researcher Development Framework, which is aimed at providing guidance to UK researchers in developing their research careers. Doctoral students are normally supervised by a team of three staff and interdisciplinary supervision across schools and centres is encouraged. Those new to supervision are expected to attend a series of internal training workshops run by the Graduate School. whilst more experienced doctoral supervisors are offered professional development in the form of a series of workshops – 'Developments in Doctoral Supervision' (a partnership between GCU, the University of Strathclyde and Edinburgh Napier University). The GCU Graduate School was rated by students as the 1st Graduate School in Scotland for 2009 and 2010 and 2nd out of the 74 participating universities worldwide in 2010 (IBarometer student survey).

d. Income, infrastructure and facilities

History research spend for the REF2014 cycle amounted to £447,111. This is more than triple the level recorded at RAE2008 (£144,228). Historians received grants from the Wellcome Trust, the Economic History Society, ESRC, AHRC, the Society for the Social History of Medicine, the British Cotton Growers Association, HistLab, Carnegie Trust, the Edinburgh Beltane Beacon for Public Engagement, British Academy, the Royal Historical Society and the Royal Society of Edinburgh. The acquisition in 2008 of a substantial Wellcome Trust Enhancement Award – identified in RAE2008 as 'under preparation' – has helped CSHHH grow over the past six years into the

leading Scottish focus for the history of health and healthcare. A maximum funded extension (WT085432/B/08/A) awarded to the new Director (Kirby) in 2013 will ensure research and public engagement support until at least the close of 2014 (with further large research applications pending decision). Moreover, since 31.7.13, our historians have acquired further income in excess of £160,000 from funders including the EU and the Wellcome Trust.

The GCU Department of Research Innovation and Enterprise (RIE) provides technical support and advice on research finance and grant applications from costing to submission. It supports dissemination and impact strategies to ensure knowledge transfer within and beyond the University. The University has also invested in state-of-the-art information systems to support academic staff in coordinating their research. The PURE research information system (spend £70,000) is used to manage research activities and to monitor progress by capturing publications, impact, funding applications, projects and press reports. A linked repository (spend £51,000) provides areas of public access to research and research outputs. The Unit uses *Research Professional* (spend £10,500) to identify sources of research funding and is integrated with the institution wide staff portal research area, which provides access to resources, document sharing and discussion groups. Generous provision for both desktop and mobile technologies is central to an enabling research environment and to networking opportunities. Professors and Readers in GSBS have regular formal meetings to discuss research strategy, policy and leadership. GSBS and ISSJR also convene a joint research seminar series focusing on interdisciplinary research methods which brings international speakers to a school-wide audience.

At History subject level, CSHHH runs an Annual Public Lecture series whose guests have included Professors Hilary Marland (2009), Mark Harrison (2010) and Ludmilla Jordanova (2011). Health history and Scottish history both run popular and well-attended research seminars. In the REF2014 cycle CSHHH invited 41 external speakers whilst Scottish history invited 20. The 'History, Policy and Practice' research group (HPP) is convened by Kirby and provides subject-level research focus for historians, holding regular meetings. HPP also runs workshops on developing research grant applications. There is a formal Reading Group (convened by Kehoe) in which staff may obtain feedback on research outputs prior to submission. We are also well served by our University Library which subscribes to key academic content in over 30,000 full-text journals. We spend 47% (£1.6m) of our library budget on information provision, 84% of this on access to electronic content (SCONUL mean for 2012/13 is 77%). We were early adopters of EThOS (Electronic Theses Online Service) and have more than 300 PhD theses digitized and freely available for download. Since 2007/08 our users have downloaded over a million articles every year and, in 2012/13, over a million e-book chapters. The University's Archives and Special Collections also hold in trust collections of national importance, including unique and rare resources in the areas of the Scottish labour and trade union movement, social work and social policy.

e. Collaboration or contribution to the discipline or research base

History has developed major international links which strengthen the quality of our research and impact. For example, Walsh recently completed a major and influential research report commissioned by the Irish government on the practice of symphysiotomy in Ireland after WWII. She was a founding member of the Consortium for Medical Humanities (Ireland) in 2010 which was instrumental in securing two major awards from the IRC (on Intellectual Disability in Ireland). She organised a workshop on 'Ireland and Medical Humanities' at University College Cork (UCC) in 2010 (funded by PRTL14), co-organised the 'Philanthropy in Nineteenth-Century Ireland' conference at UCC (also in 2010) and the 'Epidemic in Modern History' conference at UCC (2009). Kirby was Visiting Professor at Fudan University in 2012 where he delivered lectures on child labour and British Industrialisation (funded by the Guanghua Humanities Foundation and the Chinese Ministry of Education). Kirby was also a Visiting Research Associate at St John's College, Oxford (2011-12). He delivered three research papers on child occupational health to seminars and conferences at L'École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales (EHESS) in Paris (2011-2013) and in 2013 was elected a Visiting Professor at EHESS as a guest of the French Government (culminating in a series of research lectures in Apr-May 2014). Kehoe is currently a Research Associate with the Gorsebrook Research Institute for Atlantic Canada Studies (since 2010) and acts as consultant on Irish Studies to Saint Mary's University, Halifax, Nova Scotia

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(2009-present). She recently co-organised a conference with the Institute entitled 'Ireland and Empire: Seafaring, Slaving and Salvation in the Nineteenth-Century Atlantic World' (2012). Kehoe is also a partner with scholars from Austria, Belgium, Estonia, Germany, Poland and Estonia on a new collaborative EU research project on lifelong learning. Stewart was Visiting Stipendiary Professor at the University of Southern Denmark (Feb-Apr 2009) and was invited by the University of Auckland as a Distinguished Visiting Fellow (2012). Shepherd is a member of the Arbeitskreis Militärgeschichte, the German History Society and the German Studies Association. His latest monograph, *Terror in the Balkans: German Armies and Partisan Warfare* (2012) has been translated into Serbo-Croat (2013). Long, meanwhile, has contributed to overseas conference presentations, including papers at the European Association for the History of Medicine and Health (Utrecht 2011; Lisbon 2013) and the North American Conference on British Studies in Denver (2011).

An important development since RAE2008 has been the establishment in CSHHH of International Visiting Professors. International research leaders are invited to visit the Centre for a minimum of one month to give research papers and graduate workshops, providing an opportunity for staff and students to engage with world-leading scholars. VPs have included Professor Bill Hubbard, University of Bergen (2009); Professor Linda Bryder, University of Auckland (2010); Professor Jennifer Gunn, University of Minnesota (2011); Professor Rima Apple, University of Wisconsin (2013) and Professor Gao Xi, Fudan University, Shanghai (2013). CSHHH has also developed an extended exchange relationship with the Department of History at Fudan University and Professor Li Hongtu (Director of World History) visited the Centre from September to December 2012 to study aspects of British public health policy. We are looking forward to welcoming three Chinese scholars to our forthcoming symposium on 'Poverty, Policy and Public Health in Britain and China, 1780-1949' to be held at GCU in 2014 (and a further symposium in Shanghai in 2015 funded by Fudan University) as well as a planned edited volume of proceedings to be published in both English and Chinese.

Our historians provide extensive support for the subject research infrastructure within the UK. McFarland is a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries (Scotland), served as Joint Editor of the *Journal of Scottish Historical Studies* (2008-10) and Convenor of the *Scottish Historical Review* Trust (2006-2010). She acted as Specialist Advisor on Scottish History to the RAE2008 History panel and was a Peer Review College Member for the AHRC (2007-10). She has reviewed grant applications for the Leverhulme Trust and the Irish Research Council Postdoctoral Fellowship scheme. She holds or has held external examinerships at Oxford Brookes, Dundee, Glasgow and Chester Universities and has examined doctoral candidates at the Universities of Edinburgh, Glasgow and Strathclyde. McFarland recently delivered an invited plenary address at Association for Study of Death and Society Conference at New College, University of Edinburgh (2013) in recognition of her leading role in death studies in Scotland. She is also a contributor to *The Oxford Handbook of Modern Scottish History* (Oxford, 2012). Kehoe is Managing Editor of *Britain and the World: Journal of the British Scholar Society* and is a member of the Administrative Board of the Society. She is a trustee of the *Scottish Historical Review* Trust, Secretary of the Scottish Catholic Historical Association, and a member of the Steering Committee of Women's History Scotland. She was also Visiting Fellow to the Beinecke Library, Yale University (2011-12) and an invited member of the Steering Group of the Royal Society of Edinburgh's Lochaber Project (2012-13). Kirby is a Trustee, Council and Executive member of the Economic History Society, Chair of the Society's Information Technology Committee and a member of the EHS Conference Committee. He has reviewed research grant applications for the Wellcome Trust, ESRC, Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research and the Irish Research Council for the Humanities and Social Sciences. At the request of the EHS Executive Committee, Kirby became author of the Annual Review of Periodical Literature for the *Economic History Review* (2007-2010). He was External Examiner for History programmes at Northumbria University (2004-8) and is currently External Examiner at Sunderland University (2012-present). Kirby has also acted as a DPhil examiner for the University of Oxford and organized a workshop 'Children's Work and Welfare in Historical Perspective' at St John's College, Oxford (2011). He delivered the annual lecture on 'The Body and the Industrial Workplace, 1780-1850' for the Wellcome Trust funded project 'Disability and Industrial Society: A Comparative History of British Coalfields, 1780-1948' at Northumbria

University (May 2013). Long is co-founder of the 'Situating and Interpreting States of Mind Research Group, a collaborator in the Medical Humanities Research Network Scotland (MHRNS). Shepherd, meanwhile, was external examiner for doctoral theses at the Universities of Sheffield and East Anglia. Stewart is an Academician of the Academy of Social Sciences (elected 2009); Research Associate, Wellcome Unit for the History of Medicine, University of Oxford; Chair, Wellcome Trust Committee, Strategic and Enhancement Awards in the History of Medicine, 2009; member of the Wellcome Trust Awards Committee, Medical History and Humanities, 2009-11; member, Wellcome Trust Interview Committee for Medical History and Humanities since 2011; large grants referee for Wellcome Trust and ESRC. He gave invited papers and lectures at the University of Birmingham, University of Southern Denmark, University College Dublin (twice), University of Auckland and University of Oxford. He has acted as PhD Examiner at the University of Glasgow (twice), Exeter (twice) and Warwick. Stewart's article 'The Political Economy of the British National Health Service, 1945-1975: Opportunities and Constraints?' in *Medical History*, 52 (2008) was selected by the journal as one of its 'Highlights of a Decade'. Walsh is a reviewer of grant applications for the Wellcome Trust for projects relating to Irish medical history and psychiatric history. She is a Council Member of the Association for Medical Humanities, Executive Committee Member of the Society for the Study of Nineteenth Century Ireland (former Secretary), member of the Society for the Social History of Medicine (formerly Honorary Secretary and Executive Committee Member). She is external supervisor for a Graduate Research Education Programme (GREP) PhD student at the University of Limerick (2011-). She is External Examiner for the MA in Medical Humanities at Birkbeck College, London (appointed 2011), a PhD examiner at the University of Limerick, Stirling University, and Aberdeen University, and organised the Association for Medical Humanities annual conference (2012).

Conferences and workshops held at GCU between 2008 and 2013 include: the Society for the Social History of Medicine biennial conference (2008); 'Fracturing Colonial Medicine'; 'Healthcare and the People' (2009); 'Perspectives on Modern Maternal Health and Healthcare, c.1850-2000'; 'Science and the Human Subject in History' (a Royal Historical Society Symposium); 'The Social and Cultural History of Alcohol in Scotland: Establishing a Research Network'; 'Child Health and Healthcare in Europe and the US, 1914-2000' (2010); 'Social Work, Health and the Home: New Directions in Historical Research' (2011); 'Religion, Health and Welfare since 1800' (2012). CSHHH has also supported additional external conferences at Strathclyde University and elsewhere between 2008 and 2013, including a conference on the lives of John Boyd Orr and Alexander Fleming at Kilmarnock Academy (2011) organised jointly between GCU historians and the Ayrshire Federation of Historical Societies; a conference on 'Dr Lachlan Grant of Ballachulish: Political, Economic and Social Change in the Western Highlands, c.1870-1945' (Ballachulish 2011); and 'Putting the Colour back into Dewar' (Inverness 2012).

In 2008-13, our historians refereed article submissions to *Britain and the World*, *Bulletin of the History of Medicine*, *Central European History*, *Economic History Review*, *European Journal of Cultural Studies*, *Historical Journal*, *History*, *History and Memory*, *History of Psychiatry*, *Irish Economic and Social History*, *Irish Historical Review*, *Journal of British Studies*, *Journal of British Studies*, *Journal of Economic History*, *Journal of Military History*, *Journal of Slavic Military Studies*, *Medical History*, *Scottish Historical Review*, *Social and Cultural History*, *Social History of Medicine* and *War in History*. We also reviewed monograph proposals and manuscripts for Cambridge University Press, Irish Academic Press, Longman, Manchester University Press, Oxford University Press, Palgrave Macmillan, Pearson, Peter Lang AG, and Routledge. Historians also perform prominent roles in academic and research leadership within GCU. Stewart (former Director of CSHHH) sat on the University Research Committee (2009-2012) and is a former member of Senate. McFarland was Associate Dean for Teaching, Learning and Quality (2011-2012), Head of Department (2012-2013) and sat on the University Court (2009-2012). Kirby is current Director of CSHHH (2012-present), Convenor of the HPP research group, member of the GSBS Research Committee (2013-present) and REF2014 Lead for History.